- 1 SEC. 6. Disposition of funds. All funds derived from said levy 2 shall be expended as set out in section one hereof by the council or 3 commission.
- SEC. 7. Publication clause. This act being deemed of immediate importance shall take effect and be in force from and after its pub-
- 3 lication in the Des Moines Register and the Des Moines Capital, both 4 newspapers published in Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved March 17, A. D. 1921.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Des Moines Register and the Des Moines Capital March 18, 1921.

W. C. RAMSAY, Secretary of State.

## CHAPTER 38

## TAXATION OF INHERITANCES

H. F. 280.

AN ACT to repeal the law as it appears in the following sections of the code: fourteen hundred seventy (1470), fourteen hundred seventy-one (1471), fourteen hundred seventy-two (1472), fourteen hundred seventy-three (1473), fourteen hundred seventy-four (1474), fourteen hundred seventy-five (1475) and fourteen hundred eighty (1480), (C. C. sections 4721, 4723, 4731, 4732, 4734, 4739 and 4741), and to amend the law as it appears in chapter four (4), title seven (VII), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. chapter twenty-one (21), title fourteen (XIV)), relating to the assessment and collection of taxes upon devises, bequests, legacies, gifts and other transfers of property made to direct heirs, as well as to others, and to make further provision for the collection of both direct and collateral inheritance taxes and to have such funds so collected go into the general funds of the state.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Repeal. That the law as it appears in chapter four 2 (4), title seven (VII), of the code, be and the same is hereby repealed.
- SEC. 2. Property subject to tax—who liable—accrual of tax—1 lien. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-2 one-a (1481-a), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4704), be and the same is hereby repealed and the following enacted in lieu thereof:
- The estates of all deceased persons in any property whether the decedents be inhabitants of this state or not, and whether such estates consist of real, personal or mixed property, tangible or intangible, and any interest in, or income from any such estate or property which estate or property is, at the death of the decedent owner within this state, or is subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state, or the property of any decider of the courts of this state; or the property of any decider.
- 12 jurisdiction of the courts of this state; or the property of any de-13 cedent, domiciled within this state at the time of the death of such
- 14 decedent, even though the property of such decedent so domiciled
- 15 was situated outside of the state, except real estate located outside 16 of the state, passing in fee from the decedent owner, which shall

17 pass in any manner herein described shall be subject to tax as herein provided.

The tax hereby imposed shall be collected upon the net market value and shall go into the general fund of the state to be determined as herein provided, of any property passing:

(a) By will or under the statutes of inheritance of this or any

other state or country.

(b) By deed, grant, sale, gift, or transfer made in contemplation of the death of the grantor or donor, or any such deed, grant, sale, gift, or transfer made or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment after the death of the grantor or donor.

(c) Under power of appointment hereafter exercised whether the power was created before or after the taking effect of this act.

(d) Property which is held jointly or as tenants in the entirety by the decedent and any other person or persons or any deposit in banks, or other institution in their joint names and payable to either or to the survivor, except such part as may be proven to have belonged to the survivor; or any interest of a decedent in property owned by a joint stock or other corporate body whereby the survivor or survivors become beneficially entitled to the decedent's interest upon the death of a shareholder. The tax imposed upon the passing of property under the provisions of this paragraph shall apply to property held under all such contracts or agreements whether made before or after the taking effect of this act.

(e) When the decedent shall have disposed of his estate in any

(e) When the decedent shall have disposed of his estate in any manner to take effect at his death with a request secret or otherwise that the beneficiary give, pay to, or share the property or any interest therein received from the decedent, with other person or persons, or to so dispose of beneficial interests conferred by the decedent upon the beneficiaries as that the property so passing would be taxable under the provisions of this act if passing directly by will or deed from the decedent owner to those to receive the gift from the beneficiary, compliance with such request shall constitute a transfer taxable under the provisions of this act, at the highest rate possible

in like cases of transfers by will or deed.

Any person becoming beneficially entitled to any property or interest therein by any method of transfer as herein specified, and all administrators, executors, referees, and trustees of estates or transfers taxable under the provisions of this act, shall be respectively

liable for all such taxes to be paid by them respectively.

The tax hereby imposed shall be for the use of the state, shall accrue at the death of the decedent owner, and said tax shall be paid to the treasurer of state within eighteen (18) months after the death of the decedent owner except when otherwise provided in this act. Provided, however, that when in the opinion of the treasurer of state additional time should be granted for payment to avoid hardship, said treasurer may extend the period to a date not exceeding three years from date of death of decedent, but in case of any such extension the tax shall bear six per cent (6%) interest from the expiration of eighteen (18) months from decedent's death.

The tax shall be and remain a legal charge against and a lien upon such estate, and any and all the property thereof from the death of the decedent owner until paid, provided, however, that said lien shall not continue longer than five years from the date such tax becomes

due and payable.

If the decedent makes a transfer of, or creates a trust with respect to, any property in contemplation of his death, or intended to take effect after his death (except in the case of a bona fide sale for al fair consideration in money or money's worth), and if the tax in respect thereto is not paid when due, the transferee or trustee shall be personally liable for such tax, and such property, to the extent of the decedent's interest therein at the time of his death, shall be subject to a lien for the payment of such tax.

SEC. 3. When tax not imposed. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a one (1481-a1), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4705), be and the same is hereby repealed and the following enacted in lieu thereof:

The tax imposed by this act shall not be collected:

(a) When the net value of the estate of decedent passing to the beneficiaries named in class "b" of section four (4) of this act, after deducting the debts as defined herein, does not exceed the sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), provided, however, that where such net value of such estate exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000) then the whole of said net estate shall be subject to said tax.

(b) When the property passes to societies or institutions within this state incorporated for educational or religious purposes, or to cemetery associations or societies within this state organized for

purposes of public charity, including humane societes.

(c) When the property passes to public libraries or public art galleries within this state, open to the use of the public and not operated for gain, or to hospitals within this state, or to municipal

corporations for purely public purposes.

(d) Bequests for the care and maintenance of the cemetery or burial lot of the decedent or his family, and bequests not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) in any estate of a decedent for the performance of a religious service or services by some person regularly ordained, authorized or licensed by some religious society to perform such service, which service or services are to be performed for or in behalf of the testator or some person named in his last will.

SEC. 4. Rate of tax. The property, or any interest therein or income therefrom subject to the provisions of this act shall be taxed

3 as herein provided.

(a) When such property, interest or income passes to the wife or the husband of the deceased, in excess of the distributive share of such surviving spouse, grantor, donor or vendor, or to the father or mother or to any child of such decedent, grantor, donor or vendor, including a legally adopted child or illegitimate child entitled to inherit under the laws of this state the tax imposed shall be on the individual share so passing, and shall be as follows:

One per centum on any amount in excess of fifteen thousand dol-

lars (\$15,000) and up to thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).

One and one-half per centum on any amount in excess of thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) and up to forty-five thousand dollars (\$45,000).

Two per centum on any amount in excess of forty-five thousand dollars (\$45,000) and up to sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000).

 Two and one-half per centum on any amount in excess of sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) and up to ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000).

Three per centum on any amount in excess of ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000) and up to one hundred twenty thousand dollars (\$120,000).

Four per centum on any amount in excess of one hundred twenty thousand dollars (\$120,000) and up to one hundred eighty thousand dollars (\$180,000).

Five per centum on any amount in excess of one hundred eighty thousand dollars (\$180,000) and up to two hundred forty thousand dollars (\$240,000).

Six per centum on any amount in excess of two hundred forty! thousand dollars (\$240,000) and up to three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000).

Seven per centum on all sums in excess of three hundred thousand

dollars (\$300,000).

Provided, that, in case any such child does not survive the decedent, grantor, donor or vendor, or, for any reason, sufficient property, interest or income of such decedent does not pass to such child to equal the amount of the exemption to which such child would be entitled under the provisions of this section, but property, interest or income passes to the spouse or any lineal descendant of such child, the amount so passing to such child, if any, and the amount passing to such spouse or lineal descendant shall be treated collectively as one inheritance and the persons receiving such collective inheritance shall collectively be entitled to the same exemption, prorated according to the amount passing to each of such persons as if such inheritance had passed entirely to such child.

When the property or any interest therein or income therefrom

taxable under the provisions of this act passes to:

(b) Any person, firm, corporation or society other than those designated in paragraph "a" of this section the rate of tax imposed shall be as follows:

Five per centum (5%) on any amount up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

Six per centum (6%) on any amount in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) up to two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).

Seven per centum (7%) on all amounts in excess of two hundred

thousand dollars (\$200,000).

Provided, however, that when property or any interest therein shall pass to heirs, devisees or other beneficiaries subject to the tax imposed by this chapter, who are aliens, nonresidents of the United States, the same shall be subject to a tax of twenty per centum of its true value except when such foreign beneficiaries are brothers or sisters of the decedent owner or are within the class described in paragraph "a" of this section, when the rate of tax to be assessed and collected therefrom shall be ten per centum of the value of the property or interest so passing.

In determining the inheritance tax due from the estate of any decedent under this act, the rates provided in this section shall be applied upon the aggregate value of the property making up said estate after deducting the exemptions herein provided. Where part of said property passes to the class described in paragraph "a" hereof, and

72 part to the class described in paragraph "b", the tax applying to each of said classes shall be computed as if the same were a separate es-74 tate.

[For amendment see 39 G. A. Ch. 164.]

SEC. 5. Debts deductible. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a two (1481-a2), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4703), be and the same is hereby repealed and the following enacted in lieu thereof:

There shall be deducted from the gross value of the estate as fixed by the inheritance tax appraisers appointed under the provisions of

this act, or as fixed by the court, the debts defined as follows:

From the estate of such decedent who at the time of his death was domiciled within this state, there shall be deducted the debts owing by the decedent at the time of his death, the local and state taxes due from the estate in January of the year of his death, and federal taxes, a reasonable sum for funeral expenses, temporary allowance for the widow and children under fifteen (15) years of age as granted by the probate court or judge thereof, court costs, the costs of appraisement made for the purpose of assessing the inheritance tax, the statutory fee of executors, administrators, or trustees estimated upon the appraised value of the property, the amount paid by the executor or administrator for a bond, the attorney fee in a reasonable amount to be approved by the court for the ordinary probate proceedings in said estate, and no other sum; provided, however, that the debt of such decedent owing for or secured by property outside of this state, shall not be deducted from estimating the tax, except when the property for which the debt is owing or by which it is secured, is subject to the tax imposed by this act, or when the foreign debt exceeds the value of the property securing it or for which it was contracted, when the excess may be deducted provided that satisfactory proof of the value of the foreign property and the amount of such debt is furnished to the treasurer of state.

Said debts shall not be deducted unless the same are approved and allowed by the court within eighteen (18) months from the death of the decedent, unless otherwise ordered by the judge or court of the

proper county.

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(b) From the estate of such decedent who at the time of his death is domiciled outside of this state, the state treasurer shall deduct such debts and expenses as are chargeable to the property under the laws of this state, provided that in the event that the executor, administrator, or trustee of such foreign estate files with the clerk of the court having ancillary jurisdiction and with the treasurer of state, or with the treasurer of state in case there is no administration of the estate within this state, a duly certified statement exhibiting the true market value of the entire estate of the decedent owner, and the indebtedness for which the said estate has been adjudged liable, which statement shall be duly attested by the judge of the court having original jurisdiction, the beneficiaries of the said estate shall then be entitled to have deducted such proportion of the said indebtedness of the decedent from the value of the property as the value of the property within this state bears to the value of the entire estate.

(c) An amount equal to the value at the time of the decedent's death of any property, real, personal or mixed, which can be identified as having been received by the decedent as a share in the estate of any

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- person who died within two years prior to the death of the decedent, or which can be identified as having been acquired by the decedent in exchange for property so received, if an estate tax under this act was collected from such estate, and if such property is included in decedent's gross estate.
  - SEC. 6. Coordinating amendment. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a four (1481-a4), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4714), be and the same is hereby amended by striking from line four (4) of said section the words "the collateral" and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "an".
    - SEC. 7. Coordinating amendment. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a nine (1481-a9), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4719), be and the same is hereby amended by striking from said section in each instance where the same appears therein, the word "collateral".
    - SEC. 8. Coordinating amendment. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a ten (1481-a10), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4720), be and the same is hereby amended by inserting after the word "devise" in line three (3) thereof the following: "or otherwise transfer", and also by striking from line five (5) thereof the words "collateral heir", and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "person or persons not thus exempt".
    - SEC. 9. Coordinating amendment. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a eleven (1481-a11), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4722), be and the same is hereby amended by striking therefrom the word "collateral".
    - SEC. 10. Coordinating amendment. That the law as it appears in each of sections fourteen hundred eighty-one-a sixteen (1481-a16), fourteen hundred eighty-one-a nineteen (1481-a19), fourteen hundred eighty-one-a twenty-five (1481-a25), fourteen hundred eighty-one-a twenty-nine (1481-a29), fourteen hundred eighty-one-a thirty-two (1481-a32), fourteen hundred eighty-one-a thirty-two (1481-a32), fourteen hundred eighty-one-a thirty-four (1481-a34) and fourteen hundred eighty-one-a forty-one (1481-a41), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Secs. 4728, 4735, 4706, 4745, 4747, 4750, 4752, 4759), be and the same is hereby amended by striking from each of said sections, wherever the same may appear therein, the word "collateral".
    - SEC. 11. Recorder to furnish treasurer with copies. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a thirty-one (1481-a31), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4749), be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto at the end thereof the following: "Each county recorder shall, upon the filling in his office of any deed, bill of sale, or other transfer of any description whatsoever which shows upon its face that it was made or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment at or after the death of the maker of such instrument, forward to the state treasurer a certified copy thereof.
    - SEC. 12. Coordinating amendment. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a forty (1481-a40), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4758), be and the same is hereby amended by striking from the fifth (5) line the words "direct heirs"

and from lines seven (7) and eight (8) thereof the words "direct heirs or devisees" and by inserting in lieu thereof in each case the words "exempt persons".

SEC. 13. Coordinating amendment. That the law as it appears in section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a forty-three (1481-a43), supplement to the code, 1913, (C. C. Sec. 4761), be and the same is hereby amended by striking from line three (3) thereof the words "a collateral" and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "an".

SEC. 14. Construction. In the construction of this act the word "person" shall include a plural as well as singular, and artificial as well as natural persons. This act shall not be construed to confer upon a county attorney authority to represent the state in any case, and he shall represent the treasurer of state only when especially authorized by him to do so.

SEC. 15. Citations—hearings—inspection of books. urer of state is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a citation to any person whom he may believe or have reason to believe has any knowledge or information concerning any property which he believes or has reason to believe has been transferred by any person and as to which there is or may be a tax due to the state under the provisions of the inheritance tax laws of this state, and by such citation require such person to appear before him or anyone designated by him at the county seat of the county where said person resides and at a time to be designated in such citation, and testify under oath as to any fact or information within his knowledge touching the quantity, value and description of any such property and the disposition thereof which may have been made by any person, and to produce and submit to the inspection of the treasurer of state, any books, records, accounts or documents in the possession of or under the control of any person so cited. The treasurer of state shall also have the power to inspect and examine the books, records and accounts of any person, firm or corporation, including the stock transfer books of any corporation, for the purpose of acquiring any information deemed necessary or desirable by him for the proper enforcement of the inheritance tax laws of this state, and the collection of the full amount of the tax which may be due to the state thereunder. Any and all information acquired by the treasurer of state under and by virtue of the means and methods provided for by this section shall be deemed and held by him as confidential and shall not be disclosed by him except so far as the same may be necessary for the enforcement and collection of the inheritance tax provided for by the laws of this state.

Refusal of any person to attend before the treasurer of state in obedience to any such citation, or to testify, or produce any books, accounts, records or documents in his possession or under his control and submit the same to inspection of the treasurer of state when so required, may, upon application of the treasurer of state, be punished by any district court in the same manner as if the proceedings were

pending in such court.

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Witnesses so cited before the treasurer of state, and any sheriff or other officer serving such citation shall receive the same fees as are allowed in civil actions; to be paid upon the certificate of the treas-

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38 urer of state and audited by the board of audit, out of funds not other-39 wise appropriated.

SEC. 16. Retroactive effect. As to estates of decedents passing to beneficiaries named in paragraph "a" of section four (4) hereof, this act shall apply only where decedent dies after the taking effect of this act, and as to estate of decedents passing to beneficiaries named in paragraph "b" of section four (4) of this act, the rate of tax shall be five per cent (5%) as to all persons dying before this act takes effect.

SEC. 17 Proceeds of life insurance. In computing the value of the estate of decedent under this act, there shall be included the amount of insurance taken out by the decedent upon his own life, whether payable to his estate or to other beneficiaries; provided, however, that in computing the value of the estate of decedent passing to beneficiaries named in paragraph "a" of section three (3) of this act, the amount of such insurance so included shall be only the excess, if any, over forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).

[Repealed. See 39 G. A. Ch. 164.]

SEC. 18. Repeal. That section fourteen hundred eighty-one-a thirty-two (1481-a32), supplement to the code, 1913, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. 19. Inspections by court—hearings. That section four-teen hundred eighty-one-a thirty-four (1481-a34), supplement to the code, 1913, be and the same is hereby repealed and the following enacted in lieu thereof:

"On the first day of each regular term, the court shall require the clerk to present for its inspection the inheritance tax and lien book hereinbefore provided for, together with all reports of administrators, executors and trustees which have been filed pursuant to this act, since the last preceding term. If, from information obtained from the records or reports, or from any other source, the court has reason to believe that there is property within its jurisdiction liable to the payment of an inheritance tax, against which proceedings for collection are not already pending, it shall enter an order of record directing the clerk to notify the state treasurer of such fact, and the clerk shall enter said estate on the inheritance tax book. Should any estate, or the name of any grantee or grantees be placed upon the book at the suggestion of the clerk or by order of court, in which the pa-pers already on file in the clerk's office do not disclose that an inheritance tax is due or payable, the clerk shall forthwith give to all parties in interest such notice as the court or judge may prescribe, requiring them to appear on a day to be fixed by the said court or judge, and show cause why the property should not be appraised and subjected to said tax. At any such hearing any person may be required to appear and answer as to his knowledge of any such estate or property, and it shall be the duty of the clerk to notify the treasurer of state of the time and place of such hearing. If upon any such hearing the court is satisfied that any property of the decedent, or any property devised, granted, or donated by him is subject to the tax, the same proceeding shall be had as in other cases, so far as applicable."

SEC. 20. Repeal. All acts and part of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

SEC. 21. Publication clause. This act, being deemed of imme-

diate importance, shall be in force and take effect from and after its 3 passage and publication in the Des Moines Register and Des Moines

Capital, newspapers published in the city of Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved March 18, A. D. 1921.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Des Moines Register and the Des Moines Capital March 19, 1921. W. C. RAMSAY, Secretary of State.

# CHAPTER 39

#### DRAINAGE BONDS

S. F. 295.

AN ACT to amend section nineteen hundred eighty-nine-a-twenty-seven (1989-a-27), supplement to the code, 1913, (compiled code section 4875), relating to the issuauce of bonds for first reclamation and improvement, or for any subsequent repair or improvement of a drainage district.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Drainage bonds. That section nineteen hundred eighty-nine-a-twenty-seven (1989-a-27) supplement to the code, 1913
- (C. C. Sec. 4875) is amended by inserting after the word "supervisors" in the first line of said section a "comma" and the words
- "when the drainage district has been established, or on making any

subsequent repair or improvement of the same".

Approved March 18, A. D. 1921.

# CHAPTER 40

# MEDICAL TREATMENT IN RE BLINDNESS

S. F. 307.

AN ACT for the prevention of blindness from inflammation of the eyes of the newborn, designating certain powers and duties, and otherwise providing for the enforcement of this act.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Duty of physician—exception. Any physician or any person authorized by law to act as an obstetrician shall immedi-
- ately upon the birth of an infant instill into the eyes of such newly
- born infant a prophylactic solution approved by the state board of
- health; provided, however, that nothing in this act shall be construed
- to require medical treatment for the minor child of any person who is
- a member of a well recognized church or religious denomination and
- whose religious convictions in accordance with the tenets or princi-
- ples of his church or religious denomination are against medical treat-
- ment for disease.